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Performance Considerations for Lasernet

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Lasernet for Dynamics 365

Several considerations can be taken into account in relation to performance, particularly with reference to **Data source**. Any one or all of the following steps can be taken to ensure strong and fast application performance and a stable structure:

- Delete **Tables** and **Fields** unused by the **Query wizard**.
- Test your report with real and sufficient data.
- Check your table relations so that you do not get unnecessary data/structure.
- Empty ranges or no ranges often cause slow performance as all the records can get fetched.
- Add a field to an index. Fields that do not belong to any index can cause slow performance because a full table scan is used to find the related record(s). It is recommended to add a field to an index to avoid a potential full table scan and ensure performance.
- If a Data source has multiple child data sources at the same level
 with Fetch mode 1:1 where an inner join is required, consider using
 a subquery. It is possible to avoid performance issues and optimize
 the structure by adding subqueries to the existing Query (main
 Query).

A new option for disabling as well as re-enabling the data sources has been introduced within the **Query wizard**. It may be useful when optimizing performance and locating data sources (tables) causing no output.

To solve the performance issues using performance indicators, follow these steps:

1. Activate **Performance indicators** when optimizing performance for a report.

Info on performance indicators here: Performance - Formpipe Support Portal

2. Run the report to a destination (not **Lasernet screen**). It is recommended that you use to use either email or fax.

For example, use fax as the destination and 1234 as the print number.

- 3. Locate the part causing slow performance and disable data source(s) within this part of the Query (for instance, disabling half of the data sources).
- 4. Re-run the report and re-check the infolog in relation to the part of the structure which was causing slow performance.
- 5. Check the table used for the relations and indexes for the tables, causing a slow performance.

Data Source and Size Limits

SQL Server has a limit row size of 8060; if the size exceeds the limit, the following error is displayed:



The error occurs because you cannot have a row in SQL server larger than 8KB (the size of one page) because rows are not allowed to span pages – it is a basic limit of SQL Server. For more information, see the following:

docs.microsoft.com/.../pages-and-extents-architecture-guide.

Data contained for all fields within an entity are contained in an SQL table with a maximum storage of 8060 bytes.

See documentation from MS:

https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/sql/sql-server/maximum-capacity-specific ations-for-sql-server?redirectedfrom=MSDN&view=sql-server-ver15

For more information, see the following links:

Error message: 1:N Fetch Mode is not allowed on Datasource having join

Solution

Error message: "Customer#, Invoice# was not delivered because of a print management setup issue" and "SQL server cannot create a row...size of 8060".

How Does the Data Get Selected?

You can see the infolog with the SQL Query in the performance log (if enabled). Selecting the **Full** value in the **Performance indicators** dropdown combo box allows you to add a query statement (SQL statement) to the Infolog once a report is executed.

Grouping, **Fetch mode** (1:1/1:N) affects how the SQL Query is executed.

Fetch mode / Fetch 1:1 are creating the following SQL statement:

```
SELECT ... FROM CUSTCOLLECTIONLETTERJOUR T1
CROSS JOIN CUSTCOLLECTIONLETTERTRANS T2
CROSS JOIN CUSTTABLE T3
CROSS JOIN CUSTTRANS T4
CROSS JOIN DIRPARTYTABLE T5 ...
```

Fetch mode / Fetch 1:N are creating the following multiple and separate SQL statements:

```
SELECT ...
FROM CUSTTABLE T1 ...

SELECT ... FROM CUSTTRANSOPEN T1
WHERE ... ACCOUNTNUM=@P3 ...
```

Related Content

- Error Message: '1:N Fetch Mode is not allowed on Datasource having join condition with node other than its immediate parent.'
- Error Message: "Customer#, Invoice# was not delivered because of a print management setup issue" and "SQL server cannot create a row...size of 8060".